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Ki Tavo 5768

1. The beginning of this week's parshah talks about bringing first fruits. What are these
first fruits called?
2. What should you put your first fruits in? (פרק כ"ו פסוק ב')
3. Where should you bring the first fruits to? (same)
do you give the first fruits to, and what does he do with them? (פרק כ"ו פסוק ד')
5. Then, the person bringing the first fruits must say ארמי". Who is the ארמי? Who was אבי (Please see Rashi on פסוק ה')
The "ארמי" was: "אבי" was
does Hashem want us to be happy about? (פרק כ"ו פסוק י"א)
7. How many years does a Jew have to make sure that he removed all of the ma'aser from his house? (פסוק י"ב)
8. How does the Torah describe ארץ ישראל in our parshah? (פרק כ"ו פסוק ט"ו)
9. What river would the Jewish people cross to enter into Israel? (פרק כ"ז פסוק ב)
10. What did Moshe tell the Jewish people to build when they crossed that river?
11. How many of these things did they build altogether, and where did they build them? (see Rashi on פסוק ב)
12. What did they write on these "things"? (פסוק ג)
13. The Jewish people were instructed to divide into two and stand on two mountains. What were these mountains called? (פרק כ"ז פסוקים יב – יג)
14. What did they stand on each mountain for?
15. If you listen to ה' and follow the Torah, in how many directions will your enemies run away from you? (פרק כ"ח פסוק ז)
16. Most of פרשת כי תבא is a very long section called the תוכחה (toe-che-chah), which means "rebuke." In it Moshe tells the Jewish people very clearly the terrible things that would happen to them if they didn't keep the Torah. In most shuls, the chazzan reads this section a little softer and faster than he reads the rest of the parshah. Why do you think we do that?

Shabbat Shalom!